

Technology development and manufacturing for 3rd Gen solar cells



02/06/25

Agenda

- 1. Introduction
- 2. 3rd Gen solar technology
- 3. Flex2Energy project
- 4. Process control
- 5. Slot die coating for 3rd Gen PV
- 6. Drying technologies for 3rd Gen PV
- 7. Today's equipment for 3rd Gen PV
- 8. Summary



1.

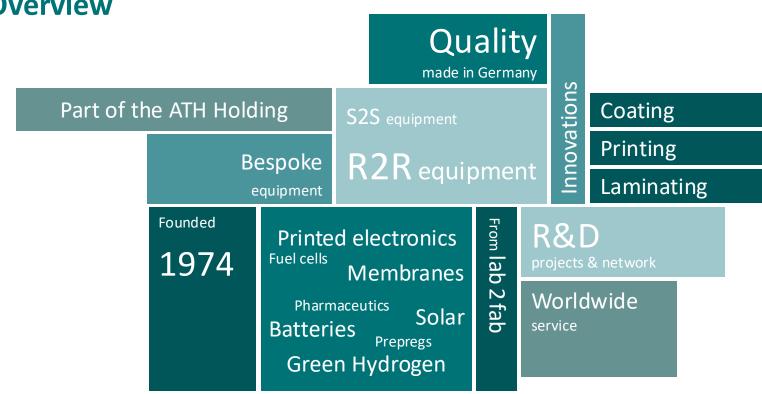
Introduction



Introduction



Overview





Group of companies



ALTONAER TECHNOLOGIE HOLDING



- ✓ Founded 1903
- ✓ Approx. 200 employees
- ✓ Located in Hamburg

DRYTEC

- ✓ Founded 1995
- ✓ Approx. 50 employees
- ✓ Located in Norderstedt



- ✓ Founded 1974
- ✓ Approx. 50 employees
- ✓ Located in Dormagen



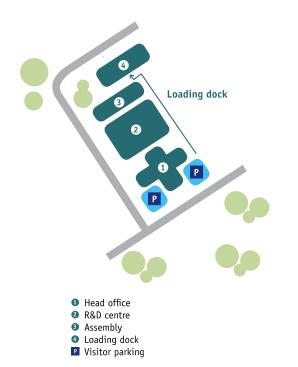
Represented worldwide





Headquarter in Dormagen





Introduction

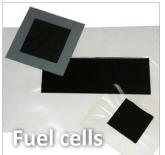


Actual system proven in operational environment

TRL 9

Our markets











Pharmaceutics

TRL8 TRL7 TRL 6 TRL 5 TRL4 TRL3 TRL 2 TRL 1 Basic principles observed









Our markets – Coatema focus areas

Green Hydrogen

Fuel cells

Batteries

Solar



Sustainability

Digital fabrication

Printed electronics

The next thing

Introduction



Coating systems



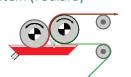
Knife system



Slot die system



Dipping system (Foulard)



2-roller coating system



Double side coating system



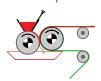
Curtain coating system



Powder scattering system



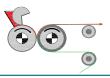
Commabar system



Case knife system



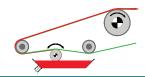
Reverse roll coating system



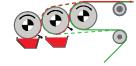
Reverse commabar system



Rotary screen system



Micro roller coating system



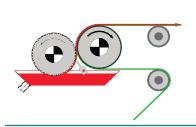
3-roller combi coating system



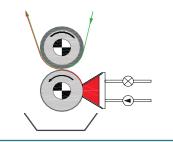
5-roller coating system



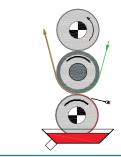
Printing systems



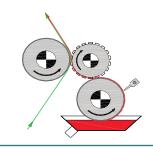
Engraved roller system



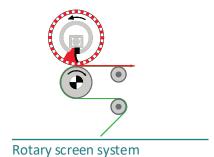
Gravure roller system

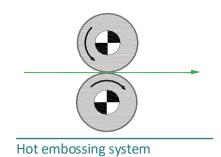


Gravure indirect system

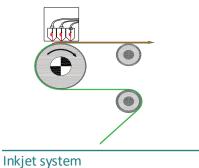


Flexography system









MEMBER OF ATH



R&D centre USP









Process development

- Feasibility study
- ✓ Ink process study
- Process analysis
- ✓ Slot die coating simulations
- ✓ Proof of concept
- ✓ Small scale prototype



Test production

Prototyping

- ✓ TRL evaluation
- ✓ Near to market testing ✓ Training of staff



Education

- Coating conference
- ✓ Education of students
- ✓ Partner trainings
- ✓ Workforce training



Development of custom-made design for equipment

Prototyping

✓ Proof of concept



Public funded research projects know-how

- ✓ German funded
- ✓ Global 2+2 projects

/ Horizon 2020

/ B2B projects

02/06/25

R&D centre equipment















Coatema services as an overview

The Coatema R&D centre



Accelerate your innovation in our dedicated pilot facility with advanced lab & pilot lines and expert guidance — bridging the gap from #lab2fab.

The Coatema Coating Symposium



Join the global network of coating experts at our annual event, where cutting-edge developments meet industry collaboration for next-level innovation.

The Coatema Slot Die Masterclass



Master precision coating in our hands-on training program, led by industry specialists to optimize slot-die performance and product excellence.



Our work in associations – global networking







Board Member: Advisory Board: OE-A Fraunhofer ITA



R&D customers























CAMBRIDGE











Georgia Institute of Technology













Hochschule Niederrhein University of Applied Sciences

































Fraunhofer



Fraunhofer



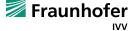




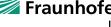




Fraunhofer







PYCO



Coatema customers











sekisui alveo













































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R&D projects overview 2022 – 2025



In-line and real-time digital nanocharacterization for flexible organic electronics



NOUVEAU

The NOUVEAU project will develop solid oxide cells (SOCs) with innovative La- and PMG-free electrode materials





R2R production line for OPV solar with integrated backend



Upscaling and development of EC based switchable films to decrease energy use in buildings





Implementation of laser drying processes for lithium-ion battery production



R2R process optimization for solid state batteries





Plasmonically enhanced photocatalysis for wastewater treatment



R2R nanostructuring of functional films





The WaterProof project aims at developing an electrochemical process that converts CO₂ emission



Creating an openinnovation testbed for sustainable packaging 2.

3rd Gen solar technology



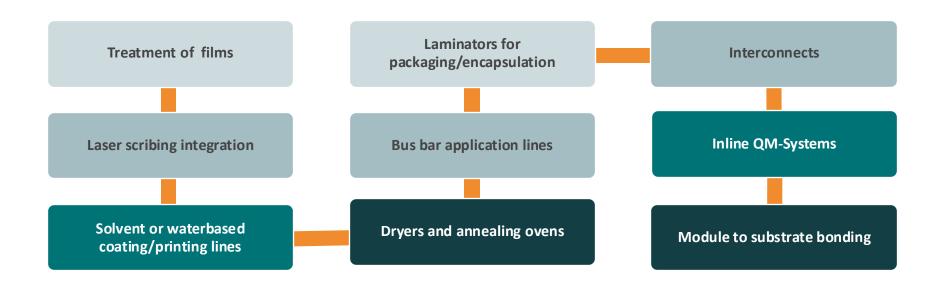


Overview of the different flexible solar cell types

Technology	Advantage	Challenge
a-Si	Excellent for BIPV due to a prooven life time longer than 10 years	Light-induced degradation, Efficiency, Cost for production equipment
CIS/CIGS	Low cost, Efficiency, R2R processes	Availability of Indium
DSSC	low weight, R2R, good performance in diffuse light conditions, real flexible, low cost production methods	Device stability, life time, efficiency
OPV	Lightweight, flexible, low cost coating or printing methods	Efficiency, device stability, life time
Perovskite	Lightweight, high efficiency from the beginning	Lead layer and lifetime

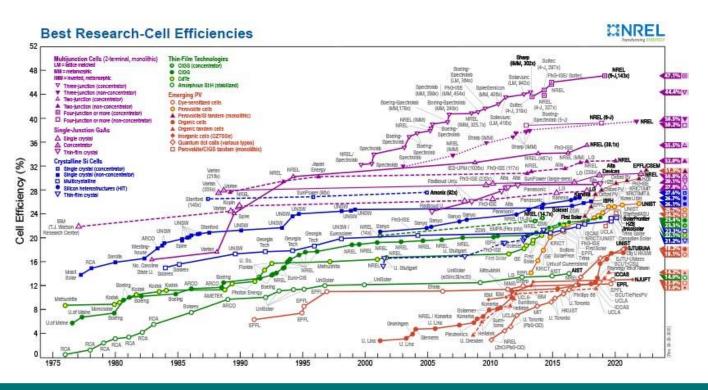


Production chain modules





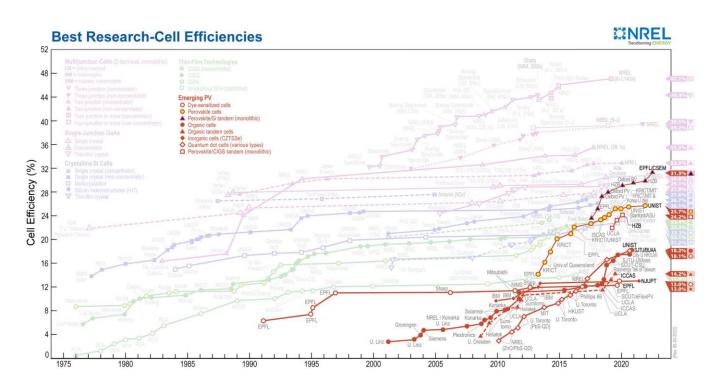
Cell efficiency



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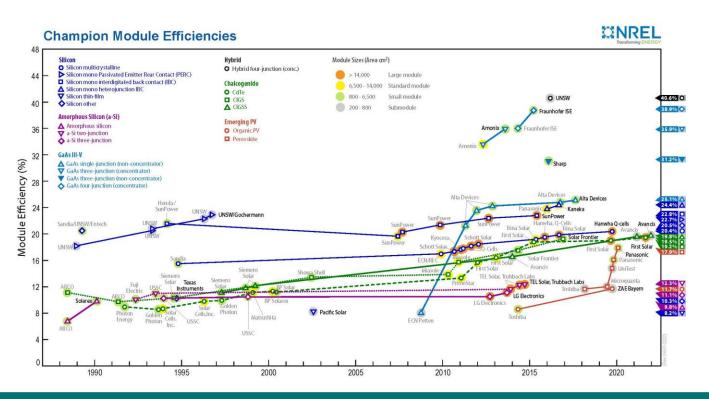
Cell efficiency for 3rd Gen solar



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Module efficiency



3rd Gen solar technology



OPV USP

- ✓ Flexible
- ✓ Low cost
- ✓ High volume R2R processes
- ✓ Thin
- ✓ Light weight
- ✓ Versatile applications
- ✓ Green mobile power
- ✓ Sexy

Encapsulation (Glass or barrier film)

Anode 50 nm – 10µm Solution-processed metals (such as Silver)

Hole transport layer 30 – 100 nm Photoactive Layer 80 – 300 nm

Cathode

Transparent Electrode 50 nm – 1μm (Solution-processed ZnOx)

Substrate (Transparent ITO or metal oxides plastic film (i.e. PET, PEN)



Conductive solution with

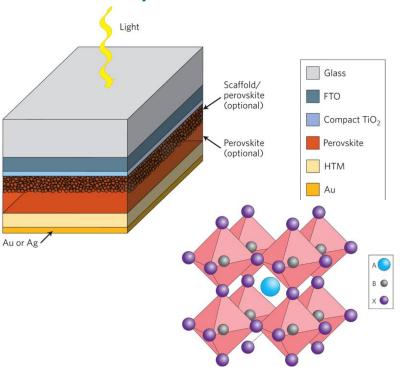
- ✓ Conductive polymer
- ✓ Matrix material
- ✓ Additives
- ✓ Co-solvents

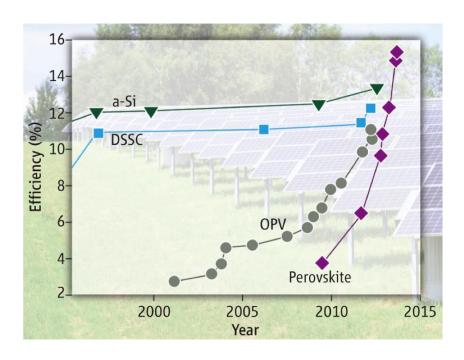
Bulk heterojunction with

- ✓ Polymer p-type (P3HT)
- ✓ Fullerene n-type (C60 PCBM)
- ✓ Aromatic solvents



Perovskite, the 3rd wave of 3rd gen solar







Coatema Core Technologies in solar technologies

Dye sensitized solar cell (DSSC)

Process inline control

Organic photovoltaics (OPV)

Drying/
Anealing

Perovskite

Encapsulation

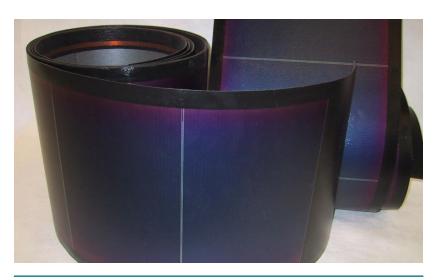
Slot die coating/
Printing processes

Laser Integration

3rd Gen solar technology



1999 – Vision on flexible roofing integrated PV



Solar integrated technologies strategic partnership with Uni-Solar, provides SIT with up to 30MW annually of flexible photovoltaic cells

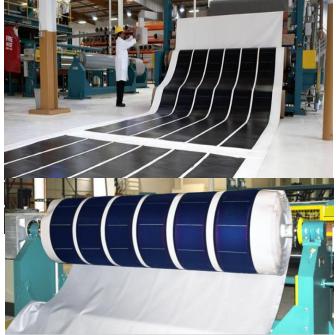


Worlds largest flexible amorphous silicon photovoltaic cell production line. A three year, \$100 million dollar commitment



1999 – flexible PV on roofing membrane





Production facility in Los Angeles



Vision on flexible roofing integrated PV on roofing membrane







Vision on flexible roofing integrated PV on roofing membrane





1999 – flexible PV on roofing membrane





Solar cell projects at Coatema



2005 - 2023

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Process upscaling – Developing 3rd Gen PV at Coatema



- ✓ 3 BMWF Projects with Ruhr Uni Bochum and ILT: FlexLAS Photonflex Effilayers
- ✓ 1 REGAC project LS09 Registration improvement on the MAXI Line at VTT

OPV equipment outside of funded projects

G24i, Solarpower, CSEM, VTT-LS09 MAXILINE, UNSW, CSRIO

CSEM, Eight Nineteen, Heliatek



Developed and integrated technologies in 3rd Gen PV

- ✓ Inert pilotcoater design
- ✓ Slot die coating
- ✓ Screen printing, gravure and flexo printing
- ✓ Laser integration
- ✓ Inkjet integration
- ✓ Registration control
- ✓ Inline quality control
- ✓ Inline layer performance control
- ✓ Nanoimprint surface modification



Defining Pilot-line set up for coating,

lamination

CC08

Transfer to

CC08

Proces feasibility study – function & design study

Lab scale



Process specification

→Machinery →Fluid Defining optim. dilution 50% → 70%

→Coating → Drying

→ Curing

Defining optim. layer thickness 3 µm ± 0,2 µm

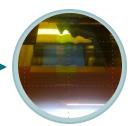
Ajustment, testing initiators

→ UV LED 365 nm

Trials

- → Quality
- → Speed
- → Curing
- → Thickness

Pilot scale



200 mm; 1 m/min

Process & Equipment specifications

✓ Suitable R2R coating and lamination solutions at COA will be defined / evaluated

Process & Ink development

50 mm; 1 – 5 m/min

- ✓ Testing defined coating/ process parameter at R&D centre COA
- ✓ Ink & Process optimization
- ✓ Defining most suitable R2R process



Upscale to production in the Coateam R&D centre

Pilot scale





Further optimization

- → Ink formulation
- → UV LED 365 & 395 nm

Pumping method

Pre treatment



Production scale



- **Process transfer**
- → 200 mm coating width
- \rightarrow 1 m/min







- Integration lamination
- →Adhesive foil
- → Protective layer

Production demonstrator →

500 mm; 3 m/min

Process integration

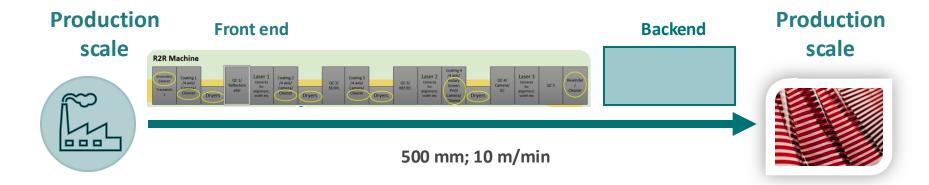
- ✓ Integration into a single R2R process suitable for the production of the OPV modules → Further optimization ink formulation
- ✓ The boundaries of the R2R process regarding quality, speed and costs

Demonstration and evaluation

- ✓ Production final R2R window film & comparison to the initial S2S
- ✓ Was the transfer from lab-to-pilot scale successful?
- ✓ Process equipment / Plant for Flex2Energy
- ✓ Design of a suitable R2R pilot line (500 mm)



Proof of production process in Greece – Flex2Energy



Process integration as industrial standard

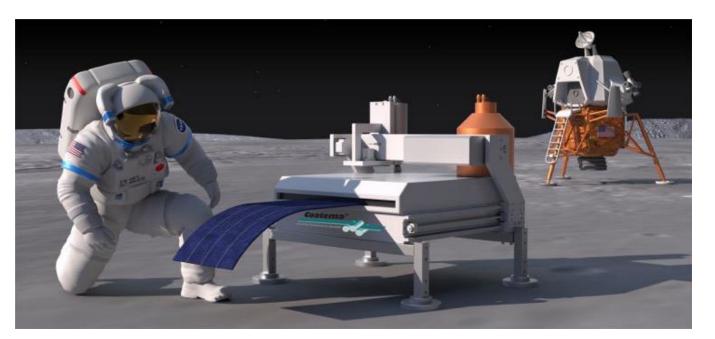
- ✓ Integration into a single R2R process suitable for the production of the OPV modules
- ✓ Integration of backend

Demonstration and evaluation

- ✓ Production of 3rd Gen OPV
- Licensing the overall giga fab concept

Goatema® Coating Machinery GmbH

The vision from NASA – perovskite on the moon



What would it take to manufacture Perovskite Solar Cells in space? | ACS Energy Letters

3.

Flex2Energy project



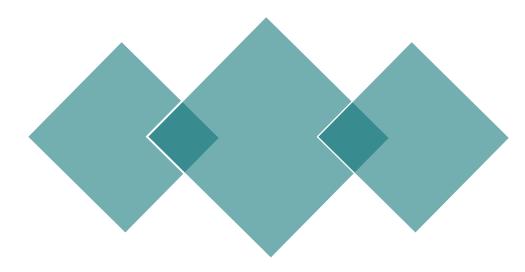




FLEXZENERGY

AUTOMATED MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION LINE FOR IPVS







Consortium partners





























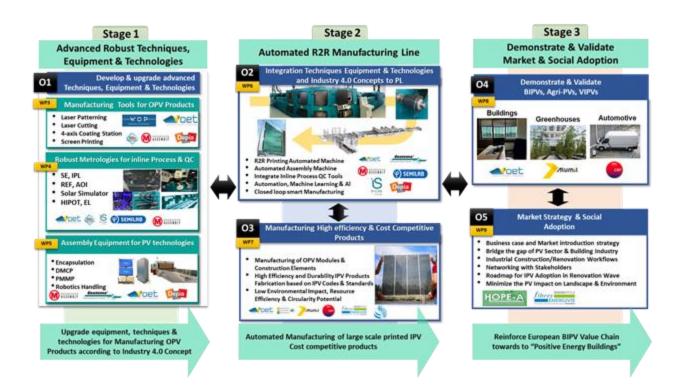




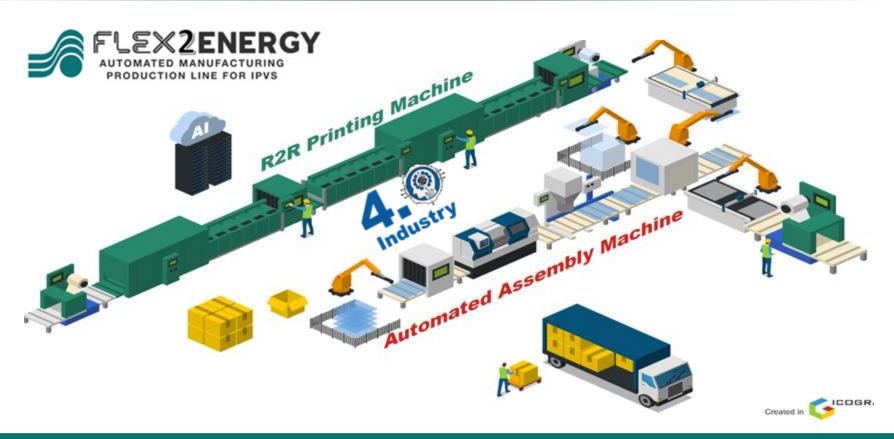




Flex2Energy Concept: The 3 Stages in relation with the Obs & WPs







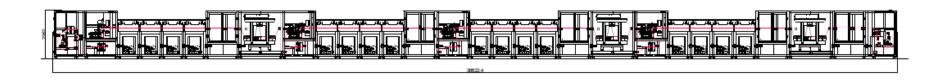
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Layout idea

R2R Machine

(4axis. REF	Laser 1, Camera Coat. 2 (4axis, Camera) Dryers	(SE/ Coat.3 (4 axis, Camera) Dryers	REF Laser 2, Camera	Coat. 4 (4 axis, Rot. Screen Print, Camera) Dryers	Laser 3, Rewind Cameras er
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Flex2Energy (submission 04/2022; start beginning 2023)

- ✓ Call: HORIZON-CL5 2022-D3-01-03:Advanced manufacturing of Integrated PV
- ✓ Project aim: boost Integrated Photovoltaics manufacturing and the reliability
 - ✓ New R2R pilot-to-production line with integrating smart, cognitive and adaptive in-line sensors and actuators for quality control with Artificial Intelligence (AI)-based analysis

✓ Partners

































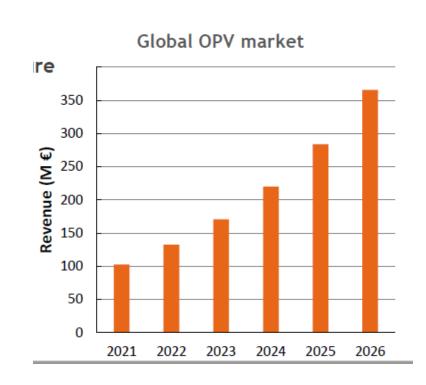
02/06/25



Market opportunities and volume

Global OPV Market is estimated to reach up to 366 M\$ by 2026 and there are few key-players that open the market today

- ✓ CSEM, sunew, Brasil
- ✓ Rayenergy, PRC
- ✓ Heliatek, Germany
- ✓ ARMOR, France





Innovation F2E – OPV products

- ✓ Highly efficient OPV products easily adaptable in buildings, automotive, agriculture and infrastructure
- ✓ Sophisticated architectures of novel nano-layers from organic semiconductors (electron donors and acceptors), transparent electrodes and inorganic electrodes
- Can be printed on transparent flexible polymer substrates
- ✓ OPV panels with increased uniformity, power output of 90 W/m², high transparency >60 % and improved lifetime >20 years and unique uniform and homogeneous design



3rd Generation PVs

- ✓ High and tinable optical transparency
- ✓ Lightweight & flexible structure
- ✓ Large-scale production by R2R Printing Process that is less Energy Demanding, Cheaper and Eco-Friendly
- ✓ Free-form design and color uniformity
- ✓ Recycleability



The novel idea of Flex2Energy

- ✓ Revolutionize the renovation & construction wave of the EU's building industry (buildings, infrastructure, greenhouses and automotive) of all kinds of uses and locations
 - → Implementation of novel IPV products for energy positive building concept (Fig. 1)
- ✓ Spread novel IPV products through the setup of a strong Innovation Clusters Network (ICN) in green buildings agriculture and transportation to form and connect this Value Chain of 40 ICs across Europe (Construction, Architects, Designers, Engineers, Contractors, Suppliers, end users etc.)
- Demonstrate, evaluate, spread and ultimately replicate the developed innovations

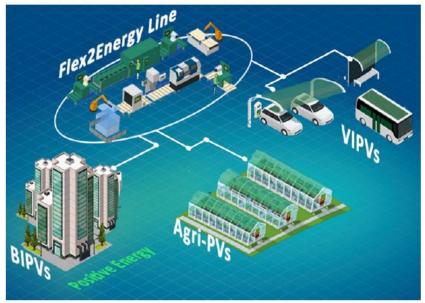


Fig. 1. F2E automated Manufacturing line for OPVs and IPV products to open the way for energy positive buildings & to minimize landscape



Ambition

- ✓ The European industry needs to regain its position as a global leader in the manufacturing of high-tech materials, components, and products, such as Photovoltaics (PVs)
- ✓ The global Building Integrated Photovoltaics (BIPV) market was valued at 12,8 B€ in 2020
- ✓ and is projected to reach 79,4 B€ by 2030, growing at a CAGR of 20.1% from 2021 – 2030 [1].
- ✓ Europe as a global leader in manufacturing Organic Electronics (OE) materials, components, and products, mainly Organic Photovoltaics (OPVs) for energy.



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State of the art – OPVs

- ✓ IPVs = Potential to produce electricity on site, directly from the sun, without concern for energy supply or environmental harm
- ✓ The existing BIPV solutions have a significant number of drawbacks that limit the widespread deployment of energy generating building elements in existing and new construction concepts



✓ No optical transparency

structure

- ✓ High weights (~20 kg), heavy
- ✓ Not Applicable in Greenhouse roofs due to limited Transparency
- ✓ Efficiency is reduced abruptly in vertical-90° placement
 → can not cover the energy demands of building

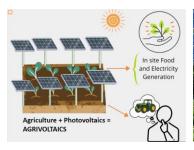


2nd Generation (PV)

- ✓ Optical transparency but limited up to 30 %
- ✓ High weight increases CO2 footprint
- ✓ High fabrication costs due to current production technology (Vacuum deposition)
- ✓ Constant change of the orientation while being in motion results in decreased performance



Application example – Agrivoltaic systems













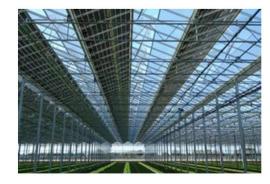




Agrivoltaics

Environmental impact and carbon emissions Demand and challenges in Greenhouse sector

- ✓ Energy consumption in a greenhouse could reach up to 50 % of the total production cost (e.g. due to large heating/cooling costs in winter/summer
- Energy is consumed in heating, cooling and ventilation systems, LED grow light, automations, sensing, distance monitoring, irrigation systems and control systems
- ✓ Thermal heating demand represents ~ 80 % of the energy consumption, while electricity the 15 %
- ✓ Indicative average energy consumption for a greenhouse in Spain ranges 30 to 70 kWh/m²
- RES for facilitating rational and sustainable farming are necessary
- Demand for integration of new and smart technologies
- ✓ Growing need for energy autonomy





Argivoltaics
Sustainable Green Development

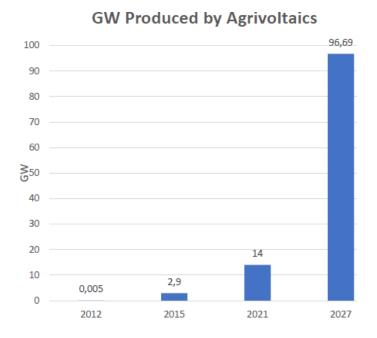
- The Co-location of PVs and Crops in the same area could minimize land impact
- Clean Energy Production- Increase of Crop Production
- Shading and Cooling Effect
- Land and Water use efficiency
- Increase income

nanotexnology 2022 Special Workshop: Aprivoltaics 07/07/2022



Expected market grow for Agrivoltaics

- ✓ Global installed Agri-PV capacity has increased exponentially from 5 MW in 2012 to 14 GW in 2021 (Expected reach of 97 GW in 2027)
- ✓ The global agrivoltaic market will grow at a CAGR of ~38 % (2022 – 27)
- ✓ Due to rapid climate changes create huge challenges for energy & agriculture worldwide
- ✓ The shift focus toward adopting agrivoltaics to enable the effective use of sunlight for crop growth



4.

Process control



Process control



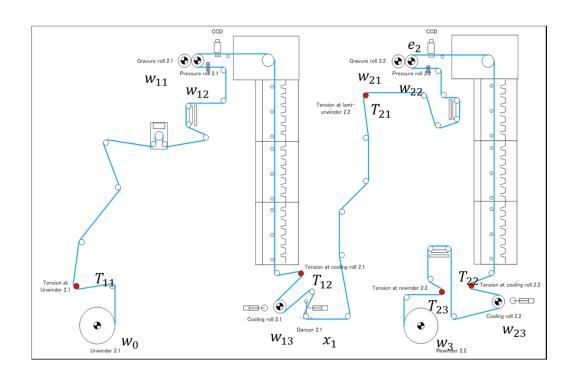
Technologies & processes – process parameters

Process parameters are:

- ✓ Operation speed
- ✓ Rheology of coating and printing inks
- ✓ Substrate condition
- ✓ Tension control MD / CD
- ✓ Edge control
- ✓ Resolution and registration accuracy of printing / laminating systems
- ✓ Precision of coating operations
- ✓ Curing / drying / crosslinking

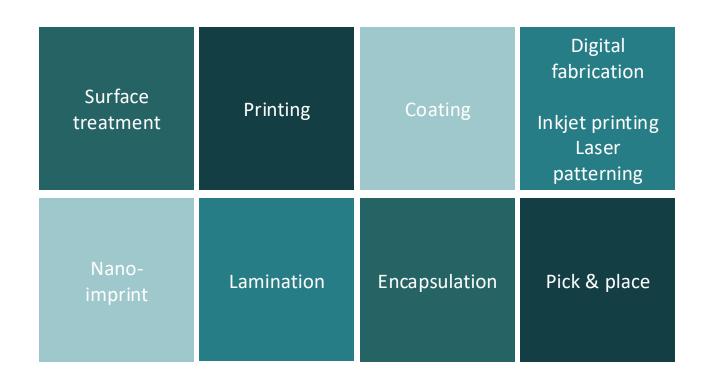


Inline process control





Processes





Inline process integration

Tension control

- ✓ Load cell
- ✓ Segmented load cell
- ✓ Dancer
- ✓ Pulling devices
- ✓ Design of drives

Registration control

- ✓ Camera
- ✓ Fiber optic
- ✓ Design of drives
- ✓ Algorithm control

Edge guide control

- ✓ Different sensors
- ✓ Mechanical stress
- ✓ Data collection

Process analysis

- ✓ Statistic parameters
- ✓ Product flow analysis
- ✓ Yield
- ✓ Cost of ownership
- ✓ Artificial inteligence

Quality control

- ✓ Particle contamination analysis
- ✓ Defect detection
- ✓ Thickness control
- ✓ Function control of the device or layer
- ✓ Big data (Cloud)
- ✓ IoT
- ✓ AI / ML



Inline process integration and measuring points

Winder speed / Diameter / Cross position / tension / particle contermination / substrate defects / registration marks





Unwinder OET 4 Axis system

3m dryers

ps laser

OET 4 Axis Ink jet system

3m dryers

IPL

In-line ontical LBIC Rewinder

Number of measuring points

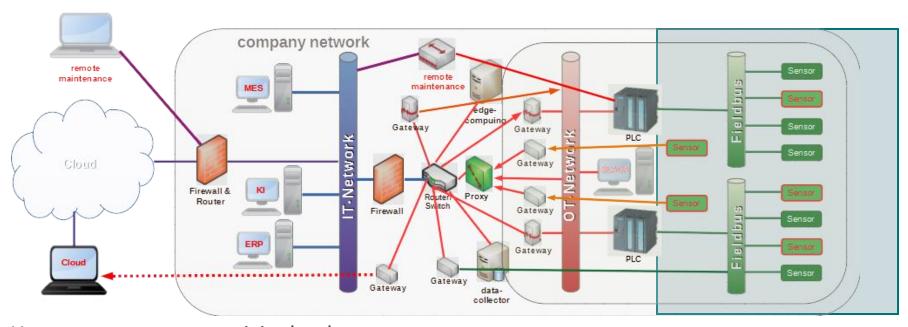
Amount of measurements per time



optical metrology (SE, Raman)



Complexity introduced through connectivity

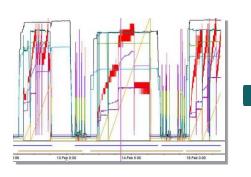


Heterogeneous connectivity landscape: complex, prone for errors, multiple penetration points, difficult to maintain,





AI / Industry 4.0 / IOT & processes – Solution based approach



Second chamber, range of ball charge from circa 60–15 m

Monitoring

Sensors and Logs (e.g. torque, vibrations, doumentation, maintenance manuals, ...)

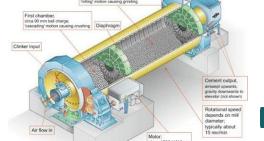
Detection

Analysis of specific system states (e.g. characteristic freequencies)



Diagnostics

Root cause analysis (e.g. damaged bearings, clogged filter, ...)



Control

Maintaining productivity (e.g. increasing viscosity)

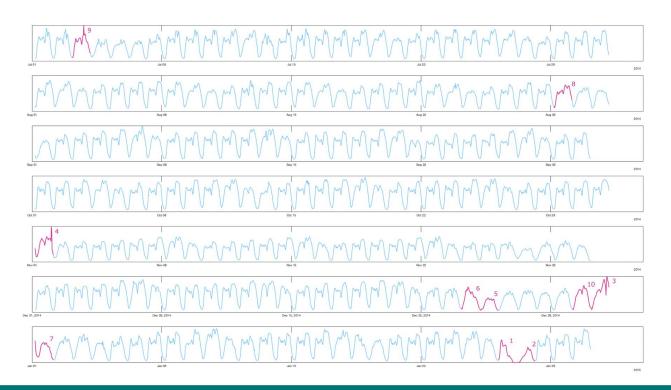
Prediction

Spare parts and maintenance (next service, service tasks, ...)





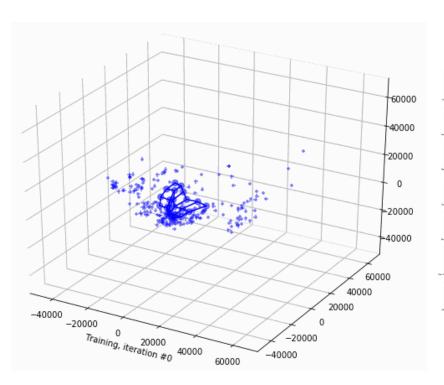
Automatic anomaly detection for time series

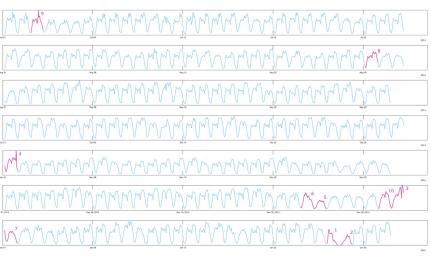






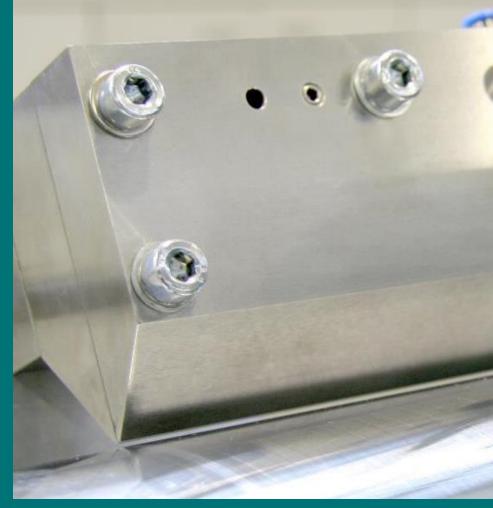
... what the algorithm is doing





5.

Slot die coating for 3rd Gen PV





Coating parameters

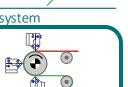
Ink properties	Coating processes	Process control	Drying
 ✓ Rheology ✓ Viscosity ✓ Viscoelasticity ✓ Type of solvents ✓ Solid content ✓ Van der Waals force ✓ Sheer ratio ✓ Adhesion/Cohesion 	 ✓ Coating systems ✓ Single or multilayer coatings ✓ Direct coatings ✓ Transfer (indirect) coatings ✓ Substrate speed ✓ Layer thickness ✓ Coating accuracy 	 ✓ Process layout ✓ Tension control system ✓ Material guiding system ✓ Inline parameter control ✓ Quality control 	 ✓ Convection drying ✓ Contact drying ✓ Infrared drying ✓ Sintering ✓ NIR ✓ High frequency ✓ UV crosslinking systems
Substrate	Pretreatment	Environment	Finishing
✓ Surface tension✓ Dimension stability✓ Surface structure✓ Contact angle	✓ Corona ✓ Plasma ✓ Cleaning	✓ Humidity✓ Temperature✓ Inert conditions	✓ Calendaring✓ Embossing✓ Slitting



Coating systems



Knife system



Slot die system



Dipping system (Foulard)



Double side coating system



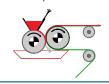
Curtain coating system



Powder scattering system



Commabar system



Case knife system



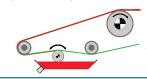
Reverse roll coating system



Reverse commabar system



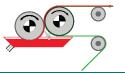
Rotary screen system



Micro roller coating system



5-roller coating system



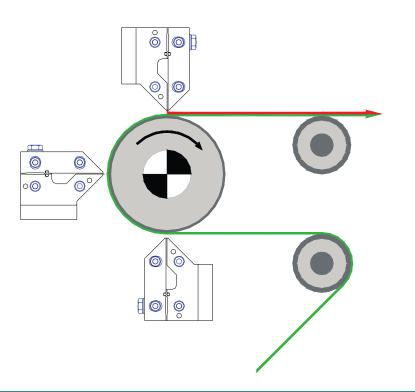
2-roller coating system



3-roller combi coating system



Basics of slot die coating – range of parameters



Coating speed

✓ 0.1 - >1000 m/min

Ink viscosity

✓ 1 – 300 000 mPas

Layer thickness (dry)

 $✓ 0.1 - >200 \mu m$

Coating accuracy

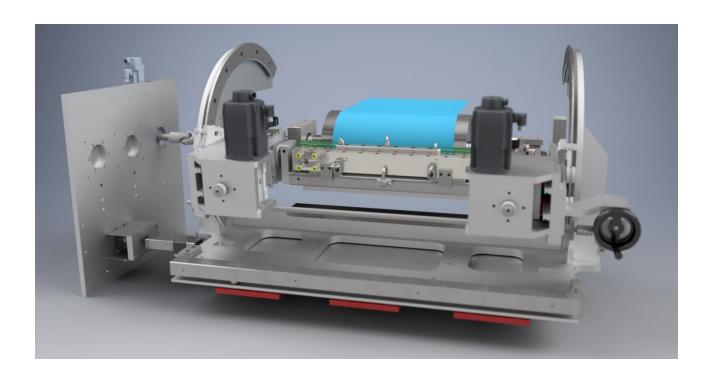
<1% (2 − 5%)

Coating width

✓ up to approx. 3 m



Basic principle



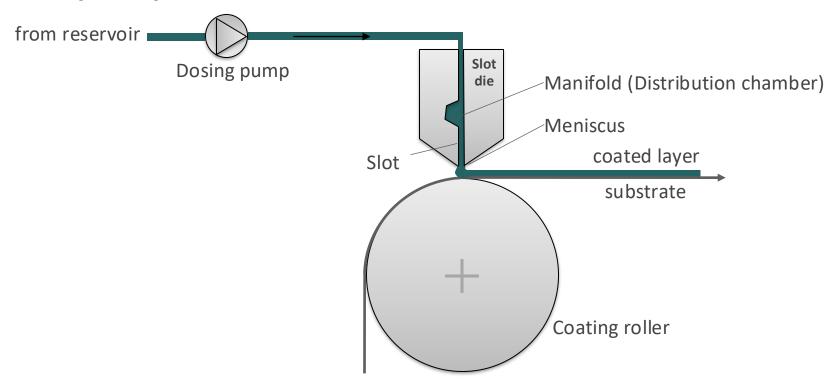


Basic principle



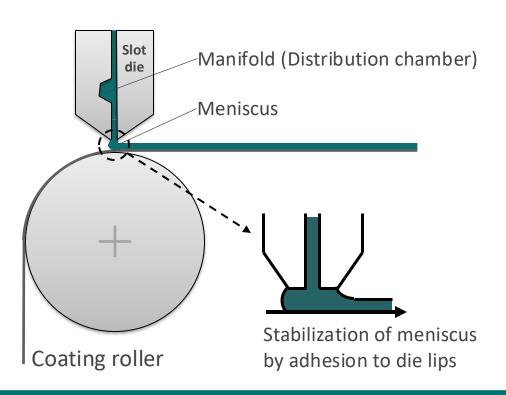


Basic principle



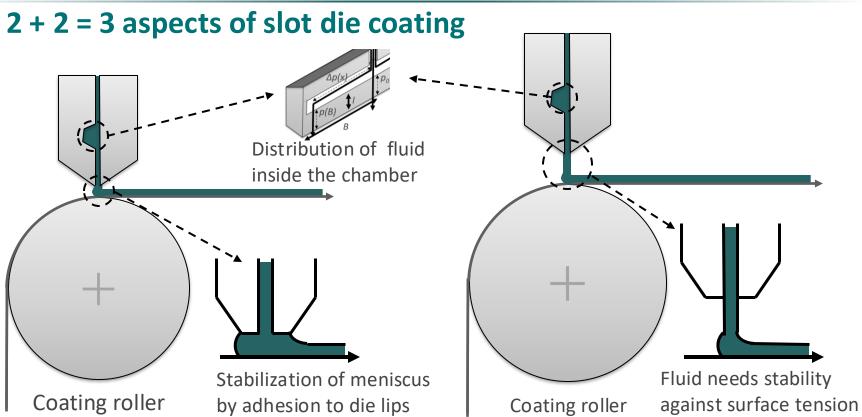


Bead mode



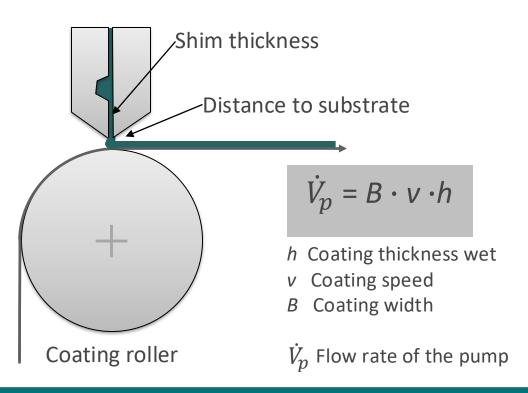
- ✓ Meniscus is formed between die lips and substrate
- ✓ Adhesive stabilization of meniscus by die lips
- ✓ Very low minimum flow rate possible
- ✓ For a stable process the range of rheological parameters is limited
- ✓ Preferrably for low coating speed







Theoretical background

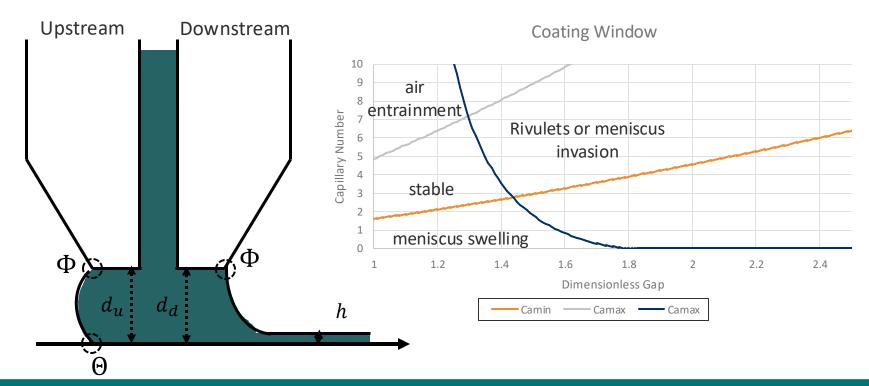


Contrary to a widespread misunderstanding the wet coating thickness does not depend on the shim thickness.

Shim thickness and distance to substrate only help to stabilize the meniscus.



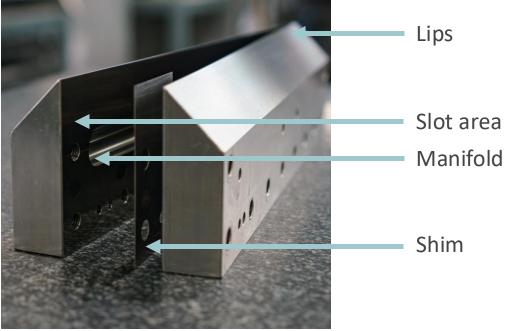
Calculation of the meniscus stability





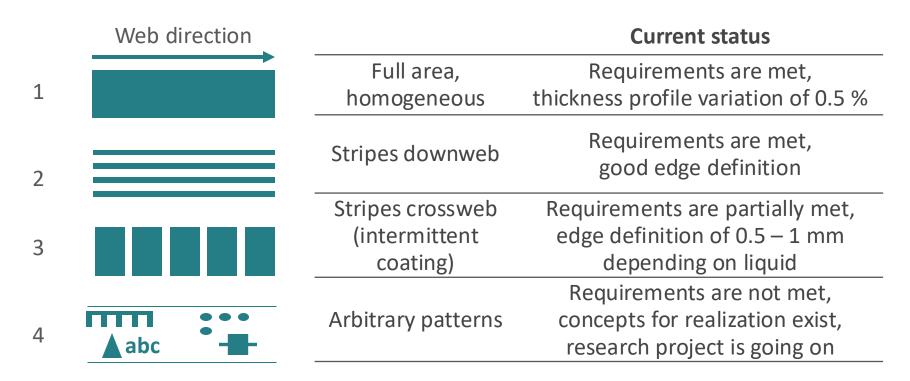
Coatema standard layout – one design among many available





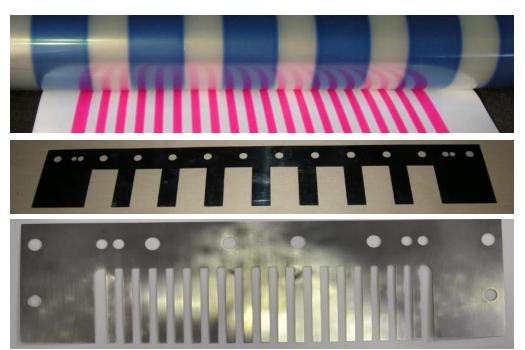


Structured coating – levels of complexity





Level 2 – downweb stripes

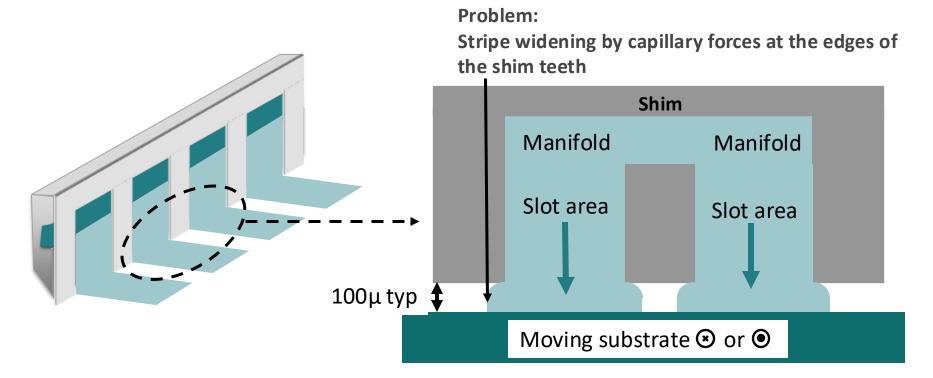


Downweb stripes of different width ...

... are made by appropriate shims, lasercut from steel or kapton

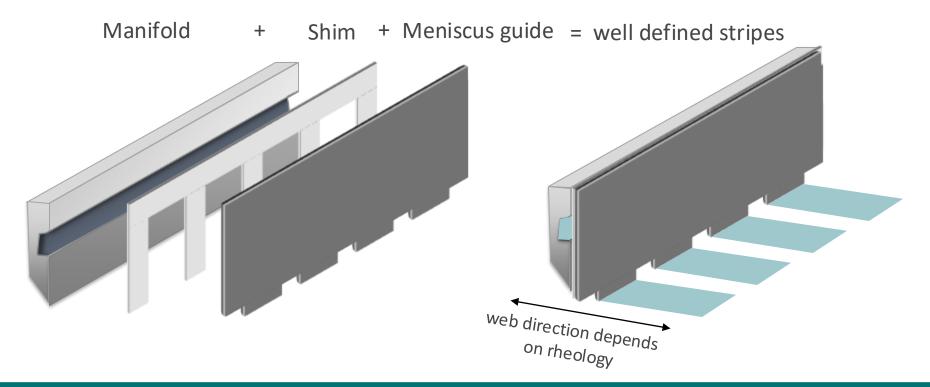


Level 2 – downweb stripes





Level 2 – downweb stripes





Level 2 – downweb stripes

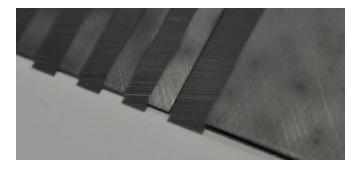


Meniscus guide

Shim

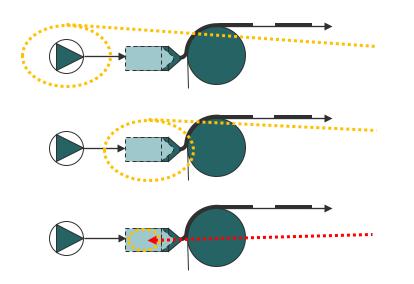


Meniscus guide + shim





Standard techniques for intermittent coating



Pump:

stop – reverse – restart

Slot die body:

move back – move forth to minimum gap – move back to working gap (wedge procedure)

Slot die internal:

stop and redirect the flow by shutters and valves. Pump flow continues, die flow stops.

All 3 techniques (single or in combination) work quite well, if the viscosity is rather high and the required edge defintion is not more precise than around 1 mm. All techniques may be combined with a vacuum pump upstream to stabilize the meniscus and suck away residual liquid.



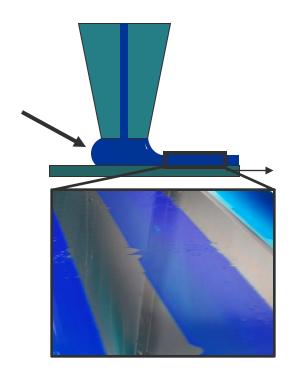
Structured coating – reason for bad edges at low viscosity

- ✓ Mensicus has to be interrupted
- ✓ Low viscous liquids do not break along a straight line
- Meniscus has to be sucked back and restored
- ✓ Speed is of essence
- → For low viscosity, all of the three methods are too slow and too indirect



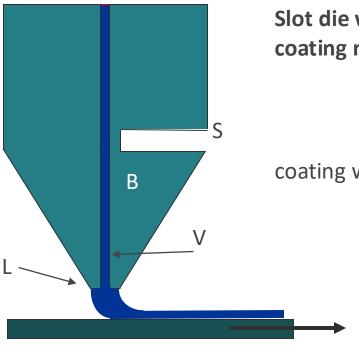








Structured coating – the switching slot die lip



Slot die with movable lips: coating mode

coating works as usual

L lip

V slot volume

B bendable lip

S bending slot

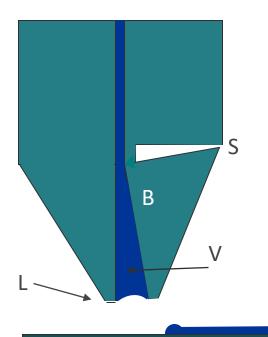








Structured coating – the switching slot die lip



Slot die with movable lips: stop mode

Bendable lip B flips open

Volume V increases and sucks away the meniscus

L lip

V slot volume

B bendable lip

S bending slot

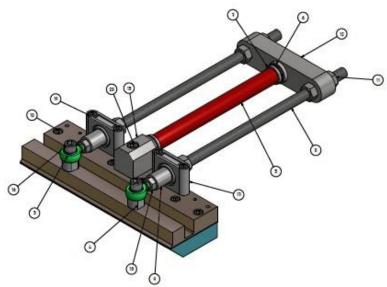








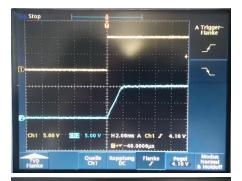
Structured coating – technical implementation with Piezo-Drive

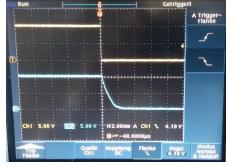


Extremely fast action: within few ms from coating to stop mode and vice versa

Control Voltage

Piezo Response

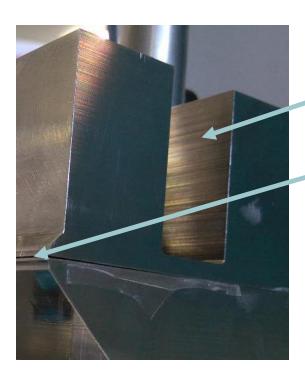








Structured coating – technical implementation with bendable lips

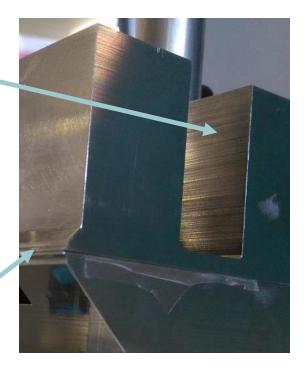


Bending slot

Lips open

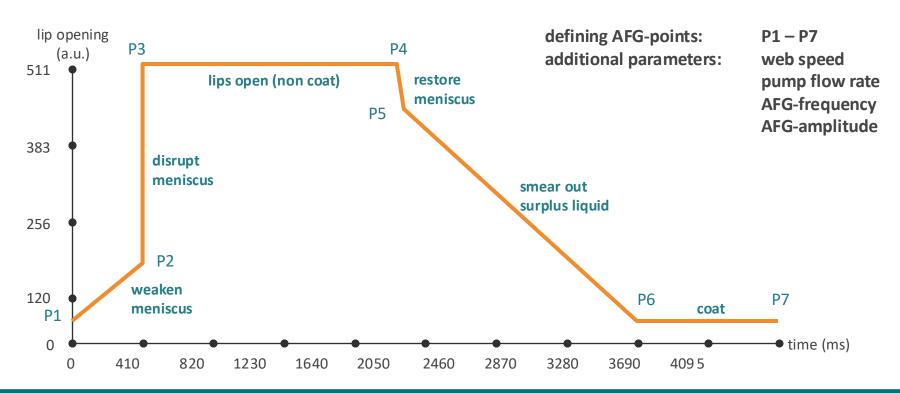
Difference is 300 μm only

Lips closed





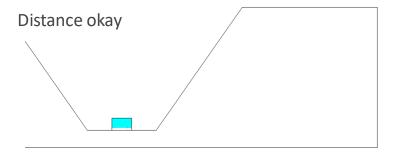
Structured coating – stages of lip motion

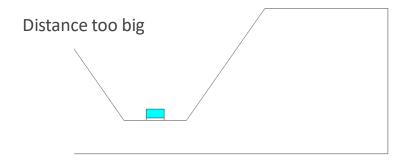




Slot die chamber – Simulation of anode Coating

- ✓ Example for anode electrode coating
- ✓ Fluid data taken from real world (shear-thinning power law fluid)
- ✓ Process parameters for 90m/min 400µm coating and 300mm width
- ✓ No "fancy" slot-die "just" Coatema standard

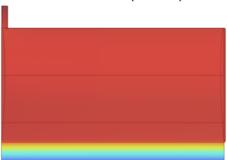


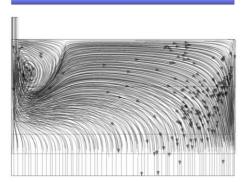




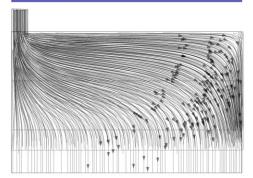
Slot die chamber – Streamlines and pressure distribution

Single Chamber with too small inlet (4 mm)

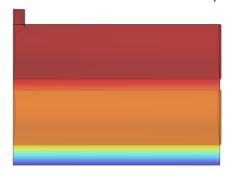


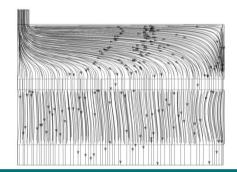


Single Chamber with correct chamber layout (10 mm inlet)



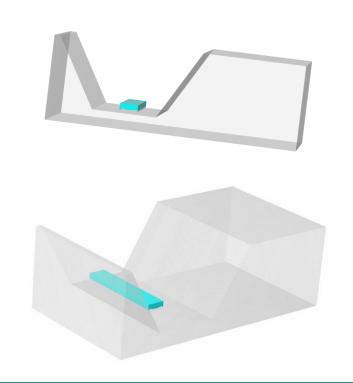
Dual chamber slot die (8 mm inlet same dead volume)

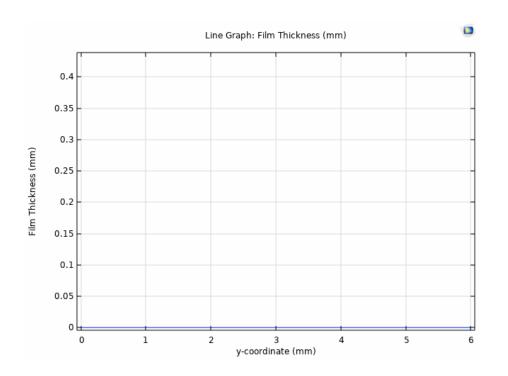






Slot die chamber – Meniscus makes or breaks homogeneity





6.

Drying technologies for 3rd **Gen PV**





Introduction thermal drying – Coating parameters

Coating chemistry	Coating processes	Process control	Drying
 ✓ Rheology ✓ Viscosity ✓ Viscoelasticity ✓ Type of solvents ✓ Solid content ✓ Van der Waals force ✓ Sheer ratio ✓ Adhesion/Cohesion 	 ✓ Coating systems ✓ Single or multilayer coatings ✓ Direct coatings ✓ Transfer (indirect) coatings ✓ Substrate speed ✓ Layer thickness ✓ Coating accuracy 	 Process layout Tension control system Material guiding system Inline parameter control Quality control 	 ✓ Convection drying ✓ Contact drying ✓ Infrared drying ✓ Sintering ✓ NIR ✓ High frequency ✓ UV crosslinking systems
Substrate	Pretreatment	Environment	Finishing
 ✓ Surface tension ✓ Dimension stability ✓ Surface structure ✓ Contact angle 	✓ Corona✓ Plasma✓ Cleaning	✓ Humidity✓ Temperature✓ Inert conditions	✓ Calendaring✓ Embossing✓ Slitting



Dryer specs needed for the layout

Information about the substrate

- ✓ Web weight weight per unit area
- ✓ Web material
- ✓ Specific heat of web
- ✓ Temperature limitations
- ✓ Operating web tension tension sensitivity
- ✓ Special characteristics

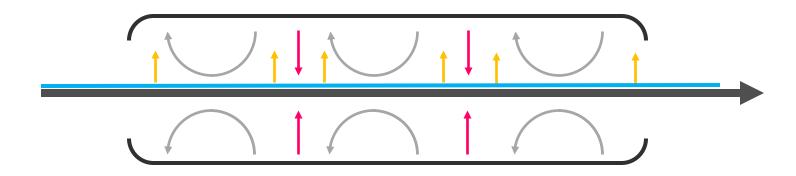








Introduction thermal drying – As general as possible(!?)



- ✓ Heat Conduction/ Heat Diffusion
- ✓ Heat Convection/ Mass Transfer
- ✓ Radiation

Substrate
Coating
Heat transfer
Evaporating solvent
Solvent vapor transfer

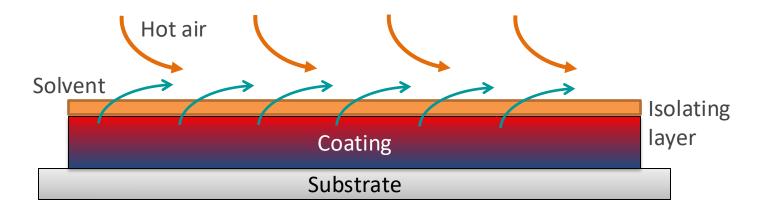
Mass Transfer



Basics mass + heat transfer - Drying dynamics: Hot air drying

- ✓ Heating and vapor transport combined
- ✓ Bulk heating by thermal conductivity from surface
- ✓ Isolating layer to be overcome by air flow

- ✓ High air flow deteriorates surface
- ✓ Temperature easy to limit
- ✓ Slow





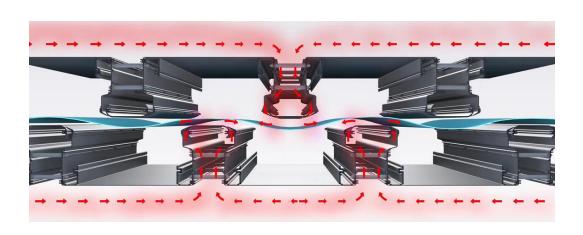
Industrial drying systems

Coatema slot nozel and circulation dryer on small scale





Drytec Click&CoatTM dryer prinziple





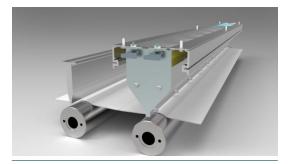




Industrial drying systems: Nozzle shapes 1



Impingement nozzles with two jets



Impingement nozzles with one jet



Flotation nozzles with adjustable air direction



Flotation nozzles with Contec 3 roller nozzle

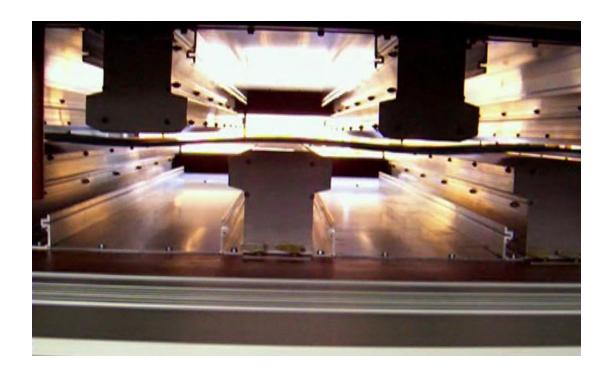


Flotation nozzles





Drying topics – drying technologies: HighDry HD500



Web behaviour in a flowtation dryer

Click on the picture to show the video

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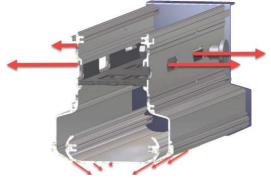
Drying topics – drying technologies: HighDry HD500

The temperature-controlled circulating air exits As an additional function, DRYTEC offers adjustable bypass openings integrated in the side profiles of the FLOATEC nozzles.

This function is often used, for example, in processes with low-viscosity coatings.

Hereby the operator is able to set different air volume outlets from the bottom to the side.

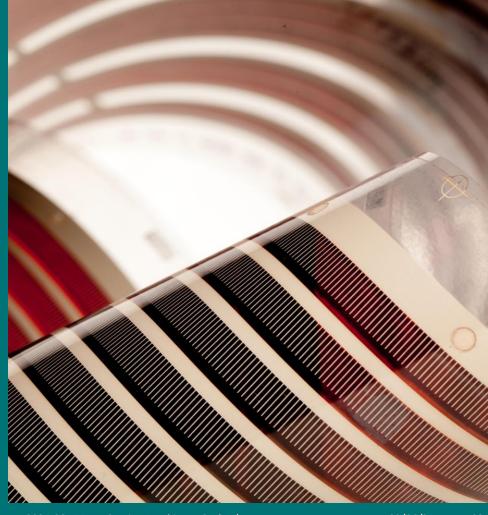




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7.

Today's equipment for 3rd Gen PV



Today's equipment for 3rd Gen PV



S2S



Coatema2go



Easycoater



Easycoater Evolution

Ink testing

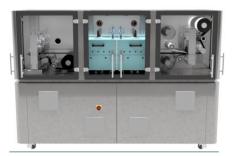
First sample product

First pilot as S2S

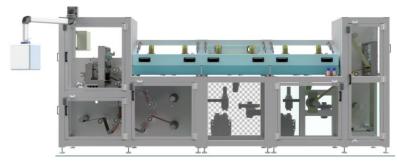
Today's equipment for 3rd Gen PV



R2R lab systems



Test Solution R2R



Basecoater R2R



Smartcoater R2R

Today's equipment for 3rd Gen PV



R2R pilot



Basecoater Pilot R2R

Today's equipment for 3rd Gen PV



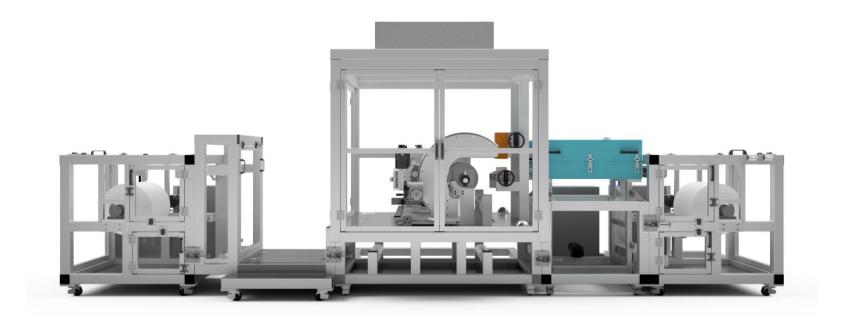
The Basecoater



Today's equipment for 3rd Gen PV

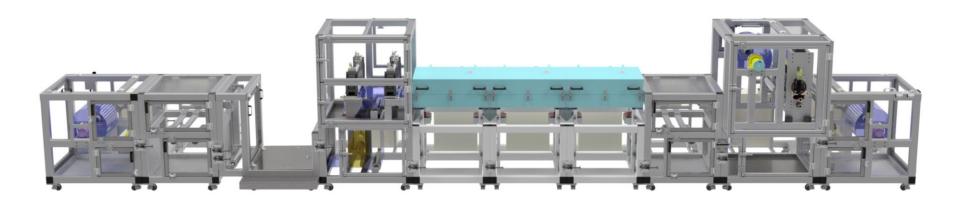


The Click&Coat[™]





The Click&Coat[™]



Today's equipment for 3rd Gen PV

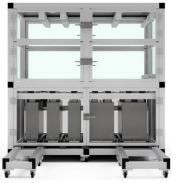






The Click&CoatTM single modules

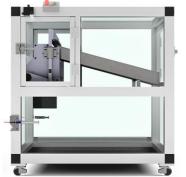
















The Click&CoatTM in production scale in the R&D centre















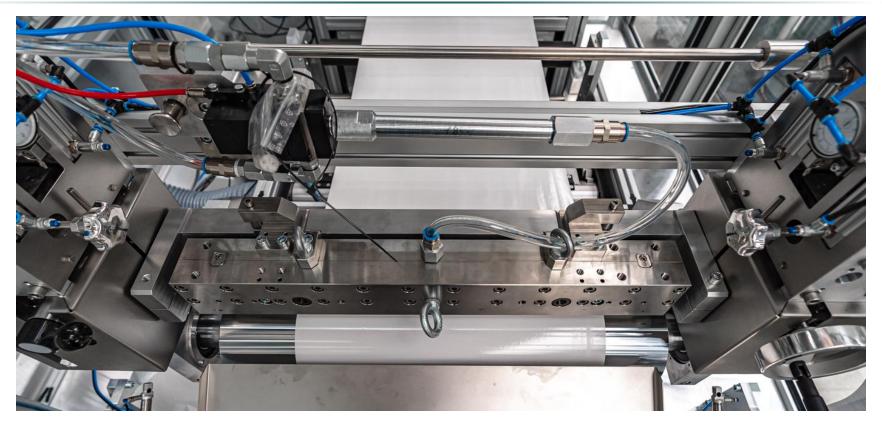








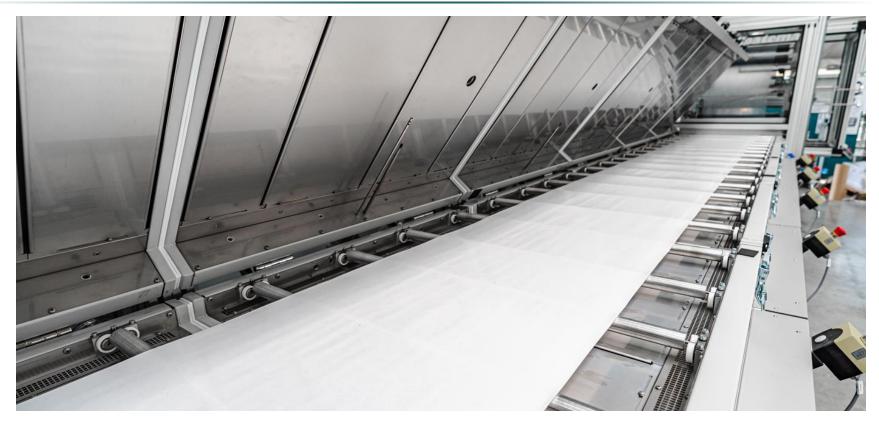




















8.

Summary



Summary



Outlook

Needed for success:

- ✓ Reproducible results in every step of scale?
- ✓ Reality check if the approach is really scalable?
- ✓ Is the approach an approach for the real life production environment or is it rocket science?
- ✓ Are economies of scale reachable and when?
- ✓ Is durability really needed?
- ✓ Standardization of device manufacturing is the key for the industry

Coatema research & development centre



Do not hesitate to contact us!



Anything missing?

Let us know and we will make it happen!

Our R&D centre is worldwide the most versatile centre for coating, printing and laminating.

Sales department: sales@coatema.de

Download broschures & presentations





Thank you

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